영어
ENGLISH FOR KOREAN SPEAKERS

읽기 책자
영 어

성우들

한국인 강사 .............................................. 봉중 봉
미국인 강사 ........................................... Barry Nelson
미국 여성 ............................................... Sherry Baker
미국 남성 ............................................... Brad Spear

저자들

김 영숙  ◆  Joan Schoellner

편집자

Beverly D. Heinle

디지털 녹음 지도

Sarah H. McInnis

녹음 기사들

Peter S. Turpin  ◆  Kelly Saux

Simon & Schuster Studios, Concord, MA
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>제목</th>
<th>페이지</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>머릿말</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>제일과</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>제이과</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>제삼과</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>제사과</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>제오과</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>제육과</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>제칠과</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>제팔과</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>제구과</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>제십과</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>제십일과</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>제십이과</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>제십삼과</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>제십사과</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>제십오과</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>제십육과</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>제십칠과</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>제십팔과</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>제십구과</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>제십이십과</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>제십이십일과</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
머릿말

다음의 아이와 할머니 사이의 "협력하여 읽기" 실화는 문자로 써진 말을 읽는 과정에 어떤 요소들이 포함되는 가를 시사합니다.

한국에서 미국으로 이주해 오신 샛별이 할머니께서는 영어 단어들을 "읽는"것은 배웠지만, 영어를 말하는 것을 배우실 시간은 아직 충분히 갖지 못하셨습니다. 반면, 미국에서 태어난 어린 샛별이는 한국말 뿐만 아니라 영어도 유창하게 말하는 것을 배웠지만 아직 읽는 것은 엄히지 못했습니다. 어느날 샛별이는 영어로 쓴 동화책을 선물로 받았습니다. 할머니는 내용을 모르지만 손녀를 위해 그 책을 소리내어 읽어 주셨습니다. 샛별이는 그 내용을 이해하고 변역하여 할머니께 이야기를 다시 말해 드릴 수 있었습니다.

대답이 요구되는 질문은 다음과 같습니다: "누가 읽고 있습니까, 할머니밖에 아닐까 아닌가 샛별이입니까?" 분명히, 언어에 완전히 능숙하려면 배우는 사람이 할머니와 샛별이가 습득한 두 기술을 다 통달해야합니다. 언어를 말하는 것은 언어를 의미를 가지고 읽기 위한 능력을 습득하는데 필요한 첫걸음입니다. 이것이 바로 필설러 방법이 그나름의 방식으로 읽기를 가르치는 이유입니다.

읽기는 "내용을 판단하기위해 문자적인 자료를 해독하는 활동"이라고 정의될 수 있습니다. 미국 영어 일에 있는
영 어

서론 (계속)

스물 한 과의 읽기 강좌는 여러분이 소리들을 영어
글자들과 연결시키는 것을 도와주도록 고안된 것입니다.
그것들은 강좌의 마지막에 녹음되어 있습니다. 여러분은
읽기 강좌를 말로 된 몇 개의 과들을 마친 다음 편한
시간에 하실 수가 있습니다. 읽기 강좌들은 서른개과
전체의 단어들과 표현들 뿐만 아니라 새 단어들도
포함하므로 여러분은 여러분이 서른개과를 다 마친 다음에
읽기를 하는 것이 더 만족스러우실 것입니다. 각과들을
하는 데 대한 모든 지침은 읽기의 듣기 부분에 포함되어
있습니다.

각과들을 하는데 있어서는, 영어가 많은 예외를 가지고
있는 매우 불규칙적인 언어인 것을 명심하십시오.
그래서 각과들에 있는 지침들은 고정된 규칙들이기
보다는 일반적인 양식을 반영합니다. 그렇지만,
여러분의 어휘가 높아짐에 따라, 이런 예외들이 점점 덜
어려워진다는 것을 발견할 것입니다. 여러분은 단어들을
아래보기 시작하고 그것을 "전체들"로서 인식하기
시작하여 글자마다 소리를 내보거나 해독해야할 필요를
제거하게 될 것입니다. 자유로이 여러분이 다음으로
넘어가는 것이 편하게 느껴질 때까지 각과들을
반복하면서 여러분의 진도에 맞춰 읽기를 진행해
나가십시오. 영어를 읽는 것은 얼마간의 연습이
필요하겠지만 여러분은 곧 얼마나 빨리 여러분이 읽게
되는지에 놀라실 것입니다.
영어

제 일과

1. it
2. kit
3. sit
4. six
5. fix
6. fin
7. I
8. fine
9. fin / fine
10. nine
11. site
12. my
13. by
14. kite
15. miss
16. did
17. bit
18. bite
19. big bite
20. I like Ike.
1. in
2. win
3. wine
4. sine
5. is
6. It is his.
7. nine times
8. my wife
9. Try it.
10. tin
11. ten
12. set
13. net
14. lift
15. left
16. five miles
17. mister
18. Mr.
19. Mrs.
20. Mrs. Mike is fine.
영 어

제 삼과

1. let
2. lit
3. lite
4. ten men
5. teen
6. week
7. See me.
8. we need
9. eat
10. east
11. sixty
12. fifty
13. he is
14. he’s
15. He’s fifteen.
16. he’d
17. He’d like wine.
18. please
19. We’d like tea, please.
20. Hi, miss!
We sit.
He bet.
It’s twenty feet.
Did he leave?
Please repeat.
bat
mat
at
ate
late
lay
stay
We can stay ---
ten days.
I hate my hat.
We have six cats.
My cat sat in my hat.
It made me mad.
Is he tame?
Maybe.
1. say
2. If I may say ...
3. my family
4. Kate’s cat
5. Kate’s cat is fast.
6. cash
7. she
8. She likes fish.
9. we wish
10. action
11. fiction
12. tension
13. She’s my wife.
14. She’s shy.
15. Why?
16. Why mention it?
1. dish
2. It’s his dish.
3. We have six fish.
4. We read fiction.
5. mop
6. hop
7. stop and shop
8. tot
9. tote
10. mope
11. No.
12. road
13. coat
14. goat
15. blow
16. grow
17. Hello!
18. don’t
19. Please don’t go.
20. We won’t mention it.
21. It’s not bad.
22. I hope not.
boat
note
not
It’s not on East Street.
No, we won’t go.
I dote on him.
but
cup
Fill it up!
six hundred
We must eat.
a lot
some tea
Come in!
He needs money.
Does she like him?
We like the wine.
Is he your husband?
He’s American.
I’m Korean.
1. **us**
2. **He understands us.**
3. **Meet me at the hotel.**
4. **Welcome!**
5. **yes**
6. **yesterday**
7. **yellow**
8. **The sun is yellow.**
9. **use**
10. **us / use**
11. **muse**
12. **fuse**
13. **you**
14. **Excuse me, miss.**
15. **Pay attention!**
16. **Don’t confuse me!**
17. **We have a used car.**
18. **It’s cute.**
1. yak
2. yam
3. Do you understand?
4. Not yet.
5. Is she American?
6. children
7. She has five children.
8. chin
9. shin
10. such
11. Cheer up!
12. book
13. shook
14. nook
15. Look at him!
16. Can we eat lunch?
17. She can cook fish and chips.
18. It’s not much.
20. Good-bye!
1. sheep
2. cheap
3. Say cheese!
4. It’s Miss Brooks!
5. By hook or by crook.
6. In cash, please.
7. cop
8. cope
9. can’t
10. cent
11. lace
12. a nice face
13. I need some peace.
14. Try the wine.
15. It’s good.
16. Did you like civics?
17. She took a trip.
18. She’s in Canada ---
19. in a big city.
20. He’s at the Cape.
1. cook  
2. look  
3. “I am not a crook.”  
4. case  
5. cease  
6. Shall we dance?  
7. It’s a cinch.  
8. the  
9. then  
10. this  
11. That’s my hotel.  
12. It’s over there.  
13. Thanks.  
15. He’s with me.  
16. We have three children.  
17. That’s a lot!
1. Is this the road?
2. Where are the children?
3. They’re over there.
4. Thirteen gallons, please.
5. That’s thirty dollars.
6. What does that mean?
7. I don’t think so.
8. do
9. to
10. I’d like to go home.
11. soon
12. zoo
13. Me, too.
14. Where’s a bathroom?
15. Who’s that?
16. Well then, let’s eat.
17. With whom?
18. We can go together.
1. do
2. Do you know ---
3. Who took my book?
4. No, I don’t.
5. Go ---
6. Go to the left.
7. You, too.
8. Today it’s May.
9. pat
10. Pat has a pet.
11. bet
12. pet / bet
13. tab / tap
14. What a big pig!
15. He rode his bike on the pike.
16. cloak
17. croak
18. It’s my clock.
20. He’s cross.
1. Pam’s boat
2. Bob’s map
3. I know best.
4. Don’t be a pest!
5. We ate clams ---
6. and crabs.
7. It’s not clear.
8. want
9. water
10. She wants some water.
11. He does, too.
12. wander
13. We wander and wonder.
14. Wash your face!
15. fall
16. tall
17. That man is tall!
18. His wife is small.
19. Do you like walnuts?
20. That’s all!
1. We want some water.
2. He wants beer.
3. Three beers, please!
4. Did you call?
5. Let’s play ball.
6. It’s a walrus!
7. We know.
8. now
9. We know now.
10. Wow!
11. a brown cow
12. How are you?
13. out
14. gout
15. out and about
16. Don’t pout.
17. our children
18. Our children went to town.
19. She can count to ten.
20. What’s that sound?
1. how
2. How much is it?
3. Our Town
4. cap and gown
5. Let’s look around.
6. The clown fell down.
7. We want to leave now.
8. We want to go to East Street.
9. strap
10. traps
11. stop
12. He can stop at this spot.
13. Stand still!
14. Do you speak Spanish?
15. He’s spry.
16. The stores are closed now.
17. Three strikes — you’re out!
18. The stray cat can stay with us.
19. Trust me.
20. Trick or treat!
1. You speak too fast.
2. Please stop it!
3. We struck it rich.
4. We spent a lot of money.
5. faster
6. later
7. I want to eat later.
8. over there
9. Is that her sister?
10. How much per gallon?
11. It’s ten dollars.
12. pastor
13. This is major ---
14. not minor.
15. Walter is a coal miner.
16. minor / miner
17. First Street
18. thirty
19. burn
20. Turn left.
21. our girl
22. Our girl is thirsty.
23. She’d like some water.
1. Mr. Miller
2. Our girl is bigger.
3. I’d like to have dinner with you.
4. I need sixty dollars.
5. Have you seen Wall Street?
6. bitter / biter
7. Hello, nurse.
8. Don’t litter.
9. I’m sorry.
10. Please pass the butter.
11. This tea is finer.
12. She filled my glass.
13. The man opened the door.
14. The lady closed it.
15. I’m pleased to meet you.
16. We owed him money.
17. She welcomed him.
18. We missed the bus.
19. He stopped to eat.
20. We kissed.
21. She stayed too late.
22. You’re excused.
1. a diller, a dollar
2. His feet went pitter-patter.
3. My dentist has good manners.
4. He had dinner in a diner.
5. Don’t be silly.
6. The men liked this dish.
7. We wined and dined.
8. Her husband worked at home.
9. The beggar wished to be rich.
10. He needed money.
11. He wanted it.
12. The ice melted.
13. I counted sheep ---
14. to get to sleep.
15. His wife waited for us.
16. The teacher repeated the word.
1. She wanted some French wine.
2. We clapped our hands.
3. The children visited me.
4. Does it snow in Korea?
5. It snowed a lot last week.
6. Is it snowing now?
7. ring
8. rang
9. rung
10. She’s strong!
11. “Sing a song of sixpence ---”
12. Is the man speaking to me?
13. I’d like something to drink.
15. But she’s going to Long Beach.
16. For how long?
17. Think Spring!
This is Tom Small.
But he’s not small — he’s big!
His wife is Pam Small.
And this is the Small family.
The Small family is a big family.
The Smalls have five children.
The Small children are little, ---
but Mr. and Mrs. Small are big.
The Small family has big Smalls ---
and little Smalls.
The Small family needs a big car.
Pleased to meet you, Mr. and Mrs. Small!